

National Collaborating Centre for Methods and Tools

Centre de collaboration nationale des méthodes et outils



Centre de collaboration nationale sur les politiques publiques et la santé

National Collaborating Centre for Healthy Public Policy



National Collaborating Centre for Determinants of Health

Centre de collaboration nationale des déterminants de la santé

The Tool for Assessing the Effects of Local Intersectoral Action

February 25, 2021 2:00 p.m. – 3:00 p.m. (EST)

Presenter(s)

Dr. Angèle Bilodeau, Professor, University of Montreal

Marie-Pier St-Louis, Research Professional, Canada Research Chair in Community Approaches and Health Inequalities (CACIS) Gillian Kranias, External Consultant, CACIS

Facilitator(s)

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The National Collaborating Centre for Determinants of Health (NCCDH)

The NCCDH is in Mi'kma'ki, the ancestral and unceded territory of the Mi'kmaq People.

The National Collaborating Centre for Methods and Tools (NCCMT)

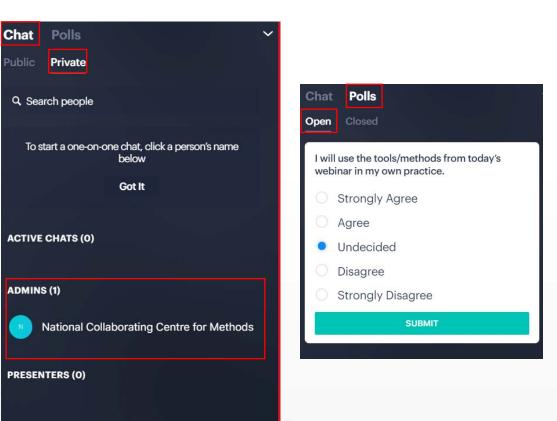
McMaster University acknowledges that it is located on the traditional territories of the Mississauga and Haudenosaunee nations.

The National Collaborating Centre for Healthy Public Policy (NCCHPP)

We acknowledge that we are on an age-old Indigenous territory, a place of meeting and diplomacy between peoples and the site of the signing of the Great Peace treaty. We thank the Kanien'keha'ka (Mohawk) nation for their hospitality on this unceded territory.

Housekeeping

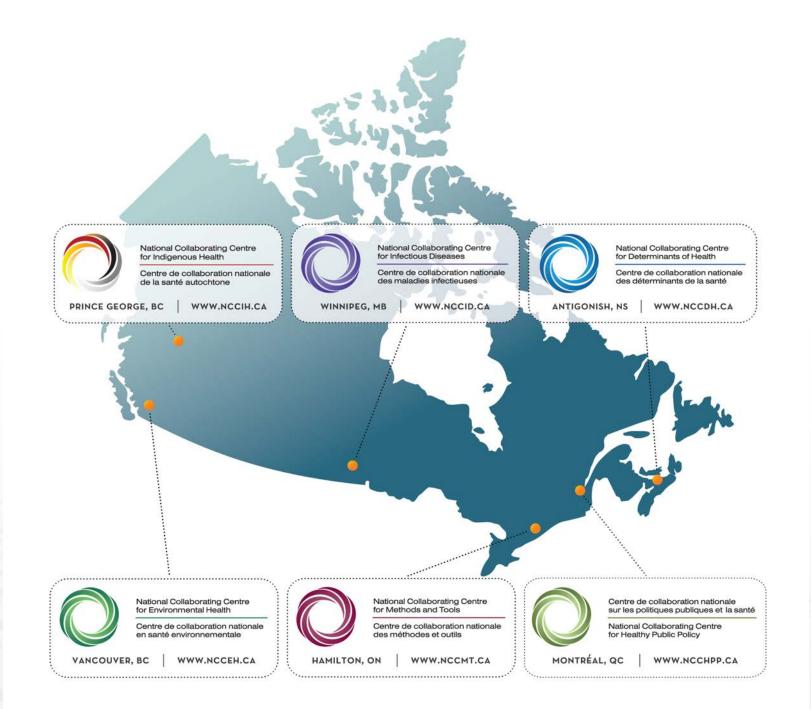
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After the webinar, access the recording (in English) at www.youtube.com/nccmt and slides in English and French at www.slideshare.net/NCCMT/presentations.





Have you visited the National Collaborating Centres for Public Health (NCCPH) website or the website of any of the six collaborating centres before or used any of their resources?

A) YesB) No

If you stated YES on the previous question, how many times have you used the resources?

- A) Once
- B) 2-3 times
- C) 4-10 times
- D) 10+ times

Presenter(s)



Dr. Angèle Bilodeau

Full Research Professor, Schools of Public Health, University of Montreal



Marie-Pier St-Louis

Research Professional, Canada Research Chair in Community Approaches and Health Inequalities (CACIS)



Gillian Kranias

External Consultant, Canada Research Chair in Community Approaches and Health Inequalities (CACIS)

WEBINAR OBJECTIVES

Share an introduction to the Tool

Explore ways to use the Tool

Questions and dialogue

PRODUCTION OF THE ORIGINAL FRENCH TOOL

Origins of Tool

- Research guided by questions from grassroots actors.
- Research linking processes and effects of intersectoral action on living environments.

Development of the Tool

- 2016 2017: 4 workshops on the Tool's features with Neighbourhood Round Table members
- Knowledge Mobilization Specialists to design the Tool
- 2018 : 1st prototype with 3 local intersectoral round tables to develop and test the Tool
- 2019: Online Tool development
- Launched in October 2019 at: Communagir <u>https://www.communagir.org</u>

The development of this Tool received financial support from the Fonds des services aux collectivités, Ministère de l'Éducation, de l'Enseignement supérieur et de la Recherche du Québec (project 2015-010).

PEOPLE WHO CONTRIBUTED TO THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE TOOL

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Yves Bellavance

Coordinator, Coalition montréalaise des Tables de quartier



CHAIRE DE RECHERCHE DU CANAD

ET INÉGALITÉS DE SANTÉ

APPROCHES COMMUNAUTAIRES

TRANSLATION OF THE TOOL IN ENGLISH

- November, 2019: Translation by a professional translator
- January, 2020 : Meeting of the translation committee composed of bilingual experts.
- May, 2020 : Pretest with English-speaking practitioners.
- Launch in December 2020 on the Tamarack Institute website: https://www.tamarackcommunity.ca/





Translation of the Tool received financial support from the SSHRC Connection Grant (611-2019-1023)

What does the Tool include?



Module 1

Taking ownership of the foundations of the Tool

Module 2

Mapping the key events of a project and translating them into a chain of transitional outcomes

Module 3

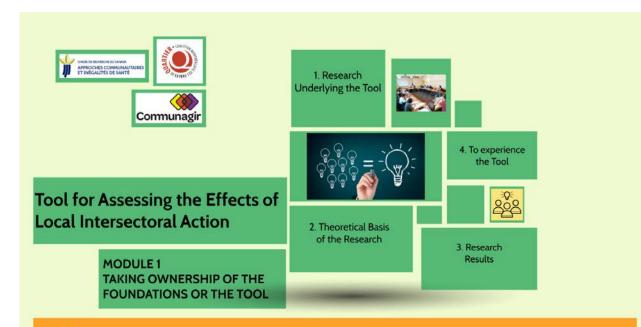
Diagramming a project's chain of transitional outcomes, identifying what has been learned, and reinvesting it in the action



Module 1

Taking ownership of the foundations of the Tool

Module 1 includes: Animated presentation
Documentation (research publications)



Tutorial

It is possible to navigate in the Prezi from start to finish using the arrow. In addition, you can also select a section by clicking on it. For example, to find the Research Results, including the Transitional Outcomes, you can go directly to 3. Research Results.

RESEARCH FINDINGS (1)

Local intersectoral action in the area of social development leads to tangible material and social transformations in living environments.

These transformations affect the availability/accessibility within living environments of resources that promote health and wellbeing.

<u>These transformations correspond to local culture, history,</u> <u>and needs.</u>

RESEARCH FINDINGS (2)

<u>12 Transitional Outcomes</u> <u>mark the progression of action</u> <u>towards its effects.</u>

WHAT IS A TRANSITIONAL OUTCOME?

An observable indication of action as it occurs.

Transitional outcomes represent events that mark the progress of action towards its effects.

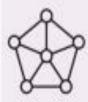
The transitional outcomes relate to 3 areas of intersectoral action

Self-representing

and Influencing

Others

Network Setup and Governance



Network Creation and Adoption of Network Governance Structures and Rules

Resolution of
Controversies

uica	
1.5	

Representation by Spokespersons and their Strengthening



Production,

Placement.

Activation and

Strengthening of

Intermediaries

Alignment of Interests, Actors and Networks

Aligning Necessary Actors and Resources

Resource

Acquisition and Commitment of Decision-Makers



Source: https://espacerezo.ca

TRANSITIONAL OUTCOMES... in a nutshell

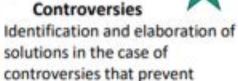
1st ACTION AREA NETWORK SETUP AND GOVERNANCE 1) Network Creation Establishment of linkages between heterogeneous social actors and nonhuman entities (knowledge, reports, policies, technologies, funding), including setting them into motion in projects.

2) Adoption of Network **Governance Structures** and Rules

Adoption of methods for collective functioning within a network to regulate participation and the decisionmaking process.

3) Resolution of Controversies

actors from cooperating.



TRANSITIONAL OUTCOMES... in a nutshell

2nd ACTION AREA SELF-REPRESENTING AND INFLUENCING OTHERS

 Production of Intermediaries
 Expression of convergent ideas and positions (priorities, projects, solutions) in material form (plans, reports, briefs).

5) Placement of Intermediaries

Introduction of intermediaries into other networks, to decision-makers, to media, or into other intermediaries (e.g., briefs).

6) Activation of Intermediaries

Promotion and use of intermediaries by strategic actors or networks. 7) Representation by Spokespersons Action/statements to communicate positions, generate interest, or influence the position and commitment of other strategic actors or networks.

Strengthening of Spokespersons and Intermediaries

Reinforcement of the legitimacy and credibility of spokespersons and the intermediaries they convey, to ensure that they are better recognized by the populations and groups on whose behalf they speak and taken into greater consideration by strategic actors.

TRANSITIONAL OUTCOMES... in a nutshell

3rd ACTION AREA ALIGNING NECESSARY ACTORS AND RESOURCES

9) Alignment of Interests Movements of Actors Convergence of interests, position shifts, engagement of actors in new roles, transformations in power relationships that promote collective action.

10) Resource Acquisition Harnessing of necessary resources (funding, labour, expertise, and technical support) for the network's operation and achievement of its goals.

11) Expansion and Strengthening of Networks and their Projects

Recruitment of new actors, addition of nonhuman entities, strengthening relationships within a network or between networks. Strengthening or expansion of the projects supported by these networks.

12) Commitment of Decision-Makers in Achieving Change

Commitment of actors holding the reins of decision-making and action, whether inside or outside a network.



Module 2

Mapping the key events of a project and translating them into a chain of transitional outcomes

Goals:

- Identify the significant events leading to observable effects in living environments based on your project's story.
- Link these events to a more general theory that identifies 12 generic 'transitional outcomes'.

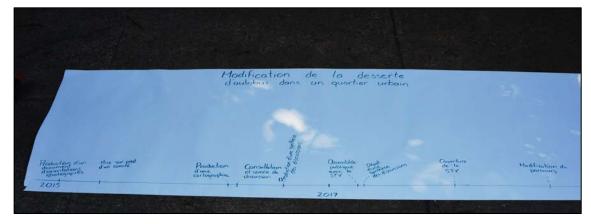
Module 2 includes:

- ► Facilitator guide
- Complementary documents

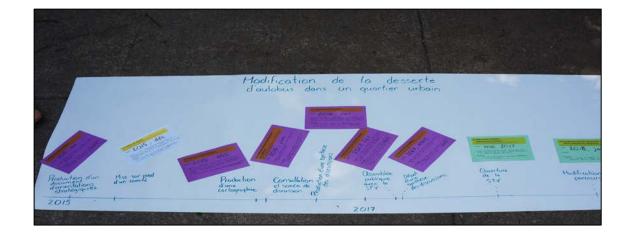
FACILITATOR GUIDE Agenda

	 Agenda Step 1: Welcome participants and present the workshop objectives
onduct	Step 2: Orient participants to the foundations of the Tool Step 3: Validate the project story
ono	— Break
	Step 4: Link key events with transitional outcomes
C	Step 5: Debrief Step 6:

BEGINNING OF THE WORKSHOP



END OF THE WORKSHOP





of the project

order to reinvest

them in action.

impacts.

Module 3

Diagramming a project's chain of transitional outcomes, identifying what has been learned, and reinvesting it in the action

Module 3 includes:

- a timeline template, to consolidate the chain of significant events and transitional outcomes within your project;
- a sample diagram of a project's chain of transitional outcomes;
- a **question grid** to draw out lessons and reinvest them in action.

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8				Module 3: Chain of transitional ou	tcomes Drawing lessons - Reinv	esting in the action	
10			Tim	le line to consolidate the project's			
11	YEAR	MONTH	EVENT	EVENT'S IMPAC		NSITIONAL OUTCOME 1	TRANSITIONAL OUTCOME 2
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TIMELINE

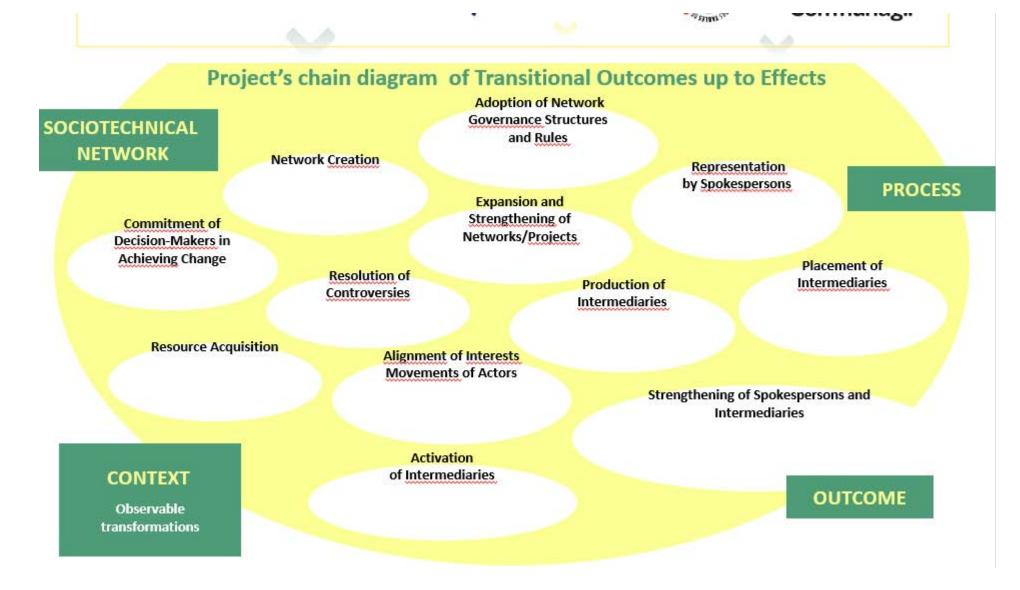


DIAGRAM TEMPLATE

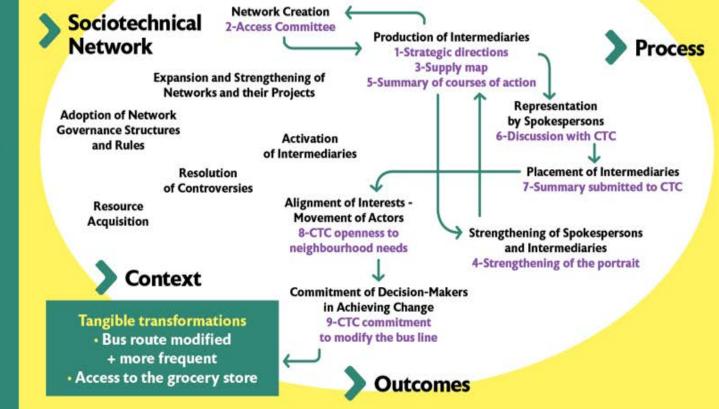
Instructions

Starting with the time line:

- 1. Number the events from 1 to n.
- 2. Place them under the transitional outcomes they correspond to.
- 3. Use arrows to connect event s1 to n until they lead up to transformations in the living environment.

Module 3

Project's chain diagram of Transitional Outcomes up to Effects Project for modifying bus service in an urban neighbourhood*

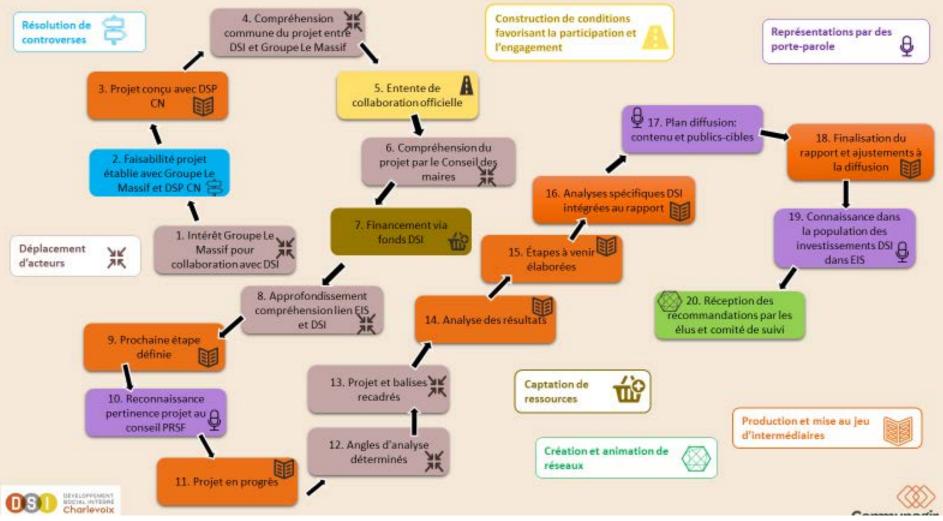


EXAMPLE OF COMPLETED DIAGRAM TEMPLATE

A QUESTION GRID TO HELP ANALYZE YOUR DIAGRAM

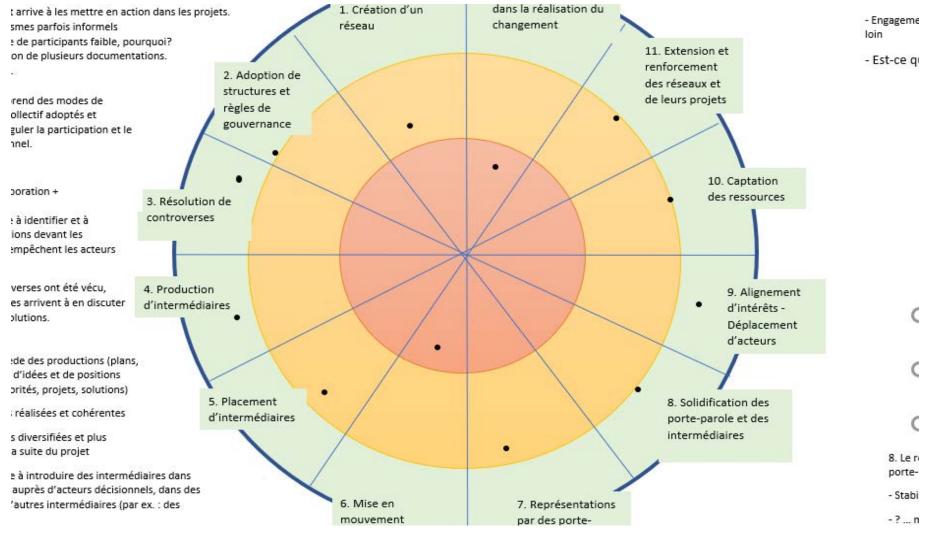
(Note: examples only below - the full question set is online)

Learning Lessons	Integrating Learnings into Action	Drawing lessons and courses of action specific to each Transitional Outcome
Were certain transitional outcomes absent from the chain that could have been useful during our project?	List the skills you think the network needs to further develop, in order to achieve/strengthen transitional outcomes .	Network Creation: When looking at the desired effects, should other actors be mobilized? Why? How do we best sustain the engagement of those already mobilized?



Sonia Racine, Communagir, in a case study of Développement social intégré Charlevoix.

Example of a <u>different approach</u> to diagram a chain of transitional outcomes



Marie-Pier St-Louis, in a case study of Table de quartier de la Pointe de l'Île.

Example of a <u>different approach</u> to diagram the use of transitional outcomes

USES OF THE TOOL FOR STRATEGIC LEARNING

Retrospective analysis

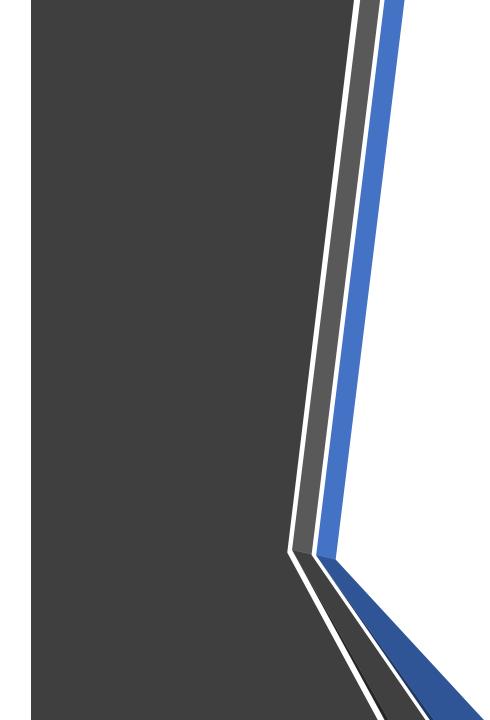
Reflect on the important events of a project:

- Were there any repetitions or overinvestments in certain transitional outcomes? Why?
- Were certain transitional outcomes absent from the chain that could have been useful during our project?
- > To what extent was it challenging to achieve **transitional outcomes**? Briefly explain.

Prospective (strategic) analysis

Consider about actions to undertake:

- Are there any transitional outcomes critical to achieving the project's desired effects?
- To what extent could greater engagement of certain actors influence transitional outcomes? Identify which actors and their associated potential influences that could be achieved.



Questions ?

Thank you!

Webinar Feedback

Your responses will be kept anonymous.

Please indicate your level of agreement with the following

1. Participating in this webinar increased my knowledge and understanding of this tool.

Strongly agree Agree Undecided Disagree Strong	ly Disagree
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Webinar Feedback

Your responses will be kept anonymous.

Please indicate your level of agreement with the following:

2. I will use the tool/method from today's webinar in my own practice.

Strongly agree	e	Agree	Undecided	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
					2277777

Your responses will be kept anonymous.

3. Which of the following statements apply to your experience with the webinar today (check all that apply):

- □ The webinar was relevant to me and my public health practice
- $\hfill\square$ The webinar was effectively facilitated
- $\hfill\square$ The webinar had opportunities to participate
- $\hfill\square$ The webinar was easy to follow along
- □ The webinar met my expectations

Webinar Feedback

Your responses will be kept anonymous.

4. Would you recommend this webinar to others?
Yes
No

□ Maybe



Webinar Feedback

Your responses will be kept anonymous.

5. How did you hear about the event? (check all that apply) **DNCCDH** newsletter **NCCDH** website **DNCCHPP** newsletter **DNCCHPP** website **DNCCMT** newsletter **DNCCMT** website □From a colleague **Other**



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Webinars from the NCCDH: <u>https://nccdh.ca/connect/workshops-events/webinars/</u>

Webinars from the NCCMT: http://www.nccmt.ca/capacity-development/webinars

Webinars from the NCCHPP: http://www.ncchpp.ca/638/webinars.ccnpps



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For more information:

NCCDH website: <u>www.nccdh.ca</u> NCCMT website: <u>www.nccmt.ca</u> NCCHPP website: <u>www.ncchpp.ca</u>

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