

The "Health in All Policies" Approach: What Is It About and What are its Success Factors

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Presentation

Definition, origin and foundations of the Health in All Policies approach (HiAP)

Conditions for success of intersectoral governance for health

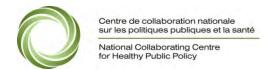


Definition

What you need to know about Health in All Policies

What is Health in All Policies?

Health in All Policies is an approach to public policies across sectors that systematically takes into account the health implications of decisions, seeks synergies, and avoids harmful health impacts in order to improve population health and health equity.





Definition (continued)

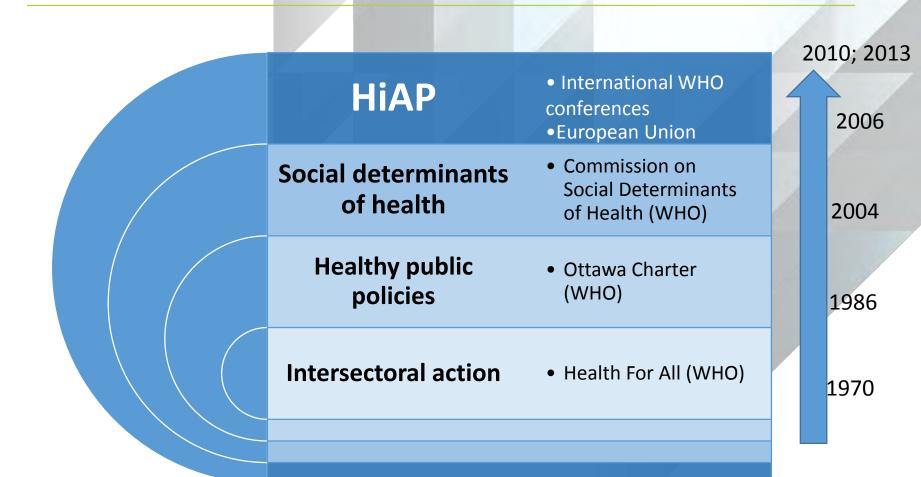
It improves the accountability of policy makers for health impacts at all levels of policy making.

Helsinki Statement on Health in All Policies 2013; WHO (WHA67.12) 2014. http://who.int/social_determinants/publications/health-policies-manual/key-messages-en.pdf

Objectives

- •Assist decision-makers from all sectors and decision-making levels in integrating health, equity and well-being considerations into their policies (programs, projects)
- •Contribute to the consistency of government decisions and the achievement of overall government objectives pertaining to human, social and economic development
- •Contribute to the development of evidence-based policies (programs, projects)
- Promote the establishment of health-promoting conditions (Determinants of health)

Build on Previous Trends



And Meet the Demands of the 21st Century

. Development of health knowledge

Health Sector

. Complexity of public health issues

. Experiences acquired with healthy public policies

Public Administration

. Need for improved consistency between policies (multiplication of sectors)

. Evidence-based policies

. Intersectoral governance

. Pressure of health care systems on public finances

HIAP

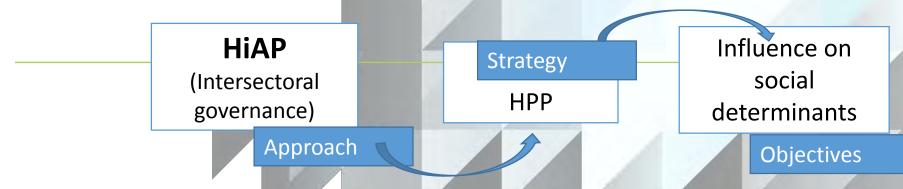
. Increasingly aware citizens and a demand for consistency

Society



CD53/10, Rev. 1 8 September 2014

What's New About It?



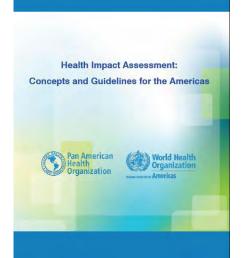
- An additional approach to developing healthy public policies
- A greater willingness to include health among the broad objectives for social development
- Formal inclusion of concern for health and equity in the decision-making process.
- The health sector positions itself with consistency and solidarity toward other sectors
- Health is presented as an added value for sectoral policies (win-win approach)
- A new role for the health sector



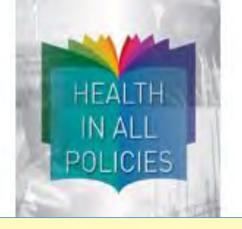














Helsinki Statement
Framework for Country Action
(WHO, 2014)

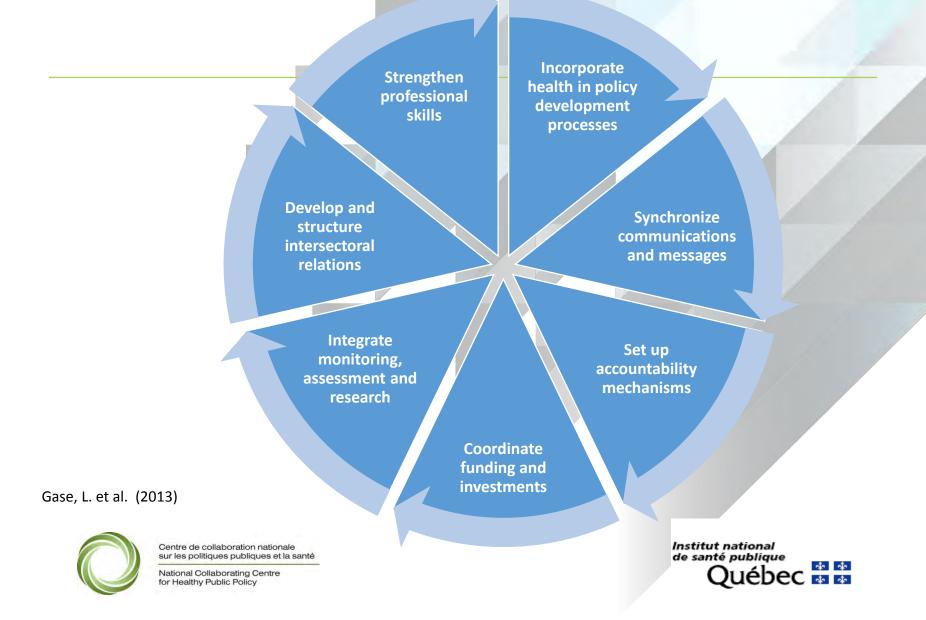
The 8th Global Conference on Health Promotion jointly organized by:



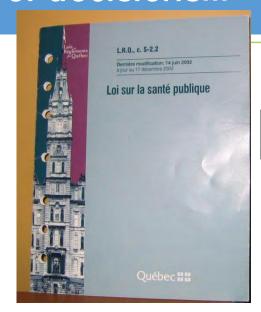




The Seven Action Groups Facilitating the Implementation of the HiAP Approach



"...an approach to public policies across sectors that systematically takes into account the health implications of decisions..."



Measures and processes that facilitate the inclusion of health consideration in policy decisions are integrated into institutional mechanisms

Examples

- South Australia: Health Lens
- Québec: section 54, Public Health Act
- France: Commission régionale des politiques de santé
- Sweden: Health Matrix for municipalities
- **European Commission: Integrated Impact Assessment**



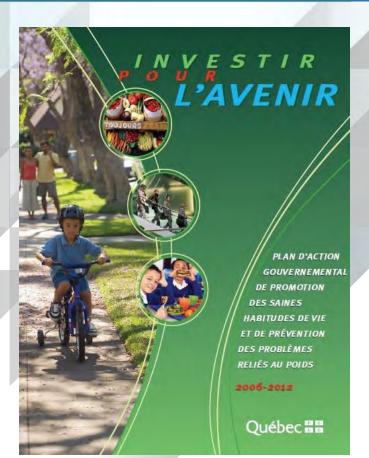


"... an approach to public policies across sectors...that seeks synergies..."



TOPIC

"1st Orientation: Strengthen governance of sustainable development within public administration" [translation] p. 19



"This plan aims to rally the different sectors around the same objectives..." [translation] p. 35

"... an approach to public policies across sectors...that seeks synergies..."

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- Consideration for the inseparable nature of social, economic and environmental dimensions, in accordance with sustainable development principles.
- Effective measures that affect people, communities and environments.
- Action suitable to the context and needs of different population groups.
- Partners in prevention working with consistency and synergy within the government and with actors within society active in various sectors.

Source: MSSS. Politique gouvernementale de prévention en santé. Tableau synoptique

http://publications.msss.gouv.qc.ca/msss/fichiers/2016/16-297-09W.pdf (translation)

Global





Conditions for Success of Intersectoral Governance





Conceptual Framework of Whole-of-Government (Adapted from St-Pierre and Gauvin, 2011)

Management: Four Key Elements and Their Dynamics

Leadership

- . Clear commitment from the authorities
- . Creation of an inclusive health program
- . Use of governance tools to promote intersectoral collaboration

Accountability

- . Clear and customized shared accountability mechanisms
- . Monitoring and evaluation plan for activities
- . Report submitted to the highest authorities

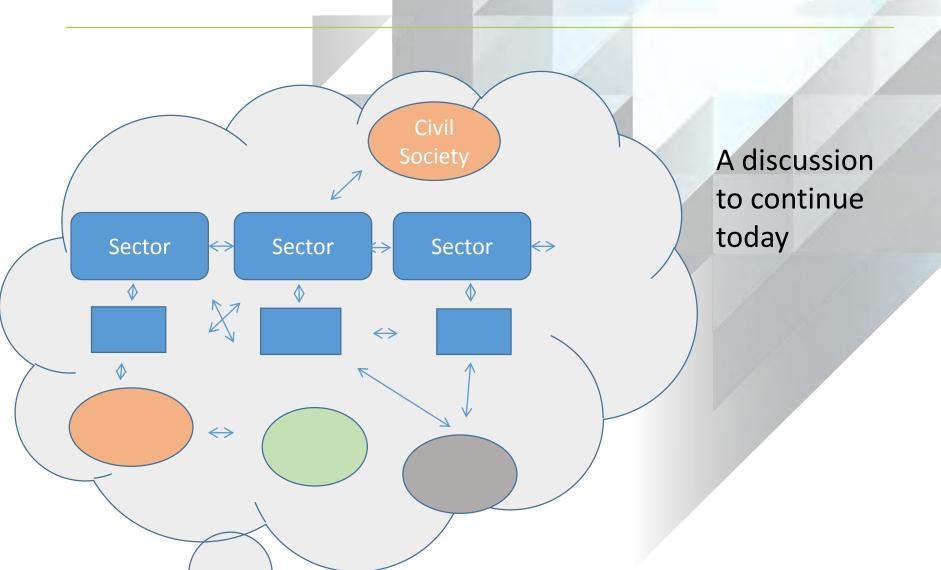
Mechanisms for Intersectoral Collaboration

- . Formal and informal committees dedicated to intersectoral collaboration
- . A structure responsible for the coordination of intersectoral activities
- . Incentives for intersectoral collaboration (carrot and stick)

Cultural Changes

- . Knowledge development and transfer
- . Tools and guides to support intersectoral action
- . Organizational learning

Horizontal + Vertical and Transversal Management



Thank You www.ncchpp.ca

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